

Photo Credit: Miami County Visitors & Convention Bureau





# **Acknowledgements**

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# **Acronyms**

ATC: Access to Care NACCHO: National Association of County and

City Health Officials

**CD:** Chronic Disease **ODH:** Ohio Department of Health

CDC: Centers for Disease Control and

Prevention PHAB: Public Health Accreditation Board

**CHA:** Community Health Assessment **PHF:** Priority Health Factors

CHIP: Community Health Improvement Plan PHO: Priority Health Outcomes

CPPH: Center for Public Policy and Health SDOH: Social Determinants of Health

MCPH: Miami County Public Health SHIP: State Health Improvement Plan

MH: Mental Health SVI: Social Vulnerability Index

# **About Miami County Public Health**

MCPH serves residents in Miami County and works to improve their health through programs and collaboration with other community organizations. Their mission is "to prevent illness, promote healthy lifestyles, and protect every person who spends time in our community."

# **About the Center for Public Policy & Health (CPPH)**

The mission of the CPPH at Kent State University is to conduct research to develop and improve public policies aimed at improving the public's health, and to provide targeted assistance to public, non-profit, and private sector organizations which share this health mission. The Center pursues its mission by engaging faculty, staff, students, outside experts and the community in scholarly activities that build capacity to make positive and beneficial public health contributions.

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# **Executive Summary**

Miami County Public Health's (MCPH) 2025-2028 Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP) addresses priority health issues identified in the 2024 Community Health Assessment (CHA). These include: Access to Care, Chronic Disease, and Mental Health. In collaboration with local stakeholders, strategies were developed to improve health outcomes and reduce health disparities for each identified issue. Each strategy includes: a goal, an indicator, action steps, a timeline, and lead agencies responsible for implementation. The table below reports the key information included in the CHIP.

Priority Health Factor: Access to Care			
Goal	Strategy		
Decrease the percentage of Miami County	Collaborate with partner organizations to		
residents without a usual place for medical	promote free and low-cost health services for		
care.	residents.		
Decrease the percentage of Miami County	Collaborate with partner organizations to		
residents with unmet mental health care	promote free and low-cost mental health		
needs.	services in the county.		
Improve knowledge about available services	Develop a comprehensive educational		
and resources for women who are pregnant or	campaign around pregnancy needs and		
planning to become pregnant.	services in Miami and surrounding counties.		
Priority Health Fact	or: Chronic Disease		
Goal	Strategy		
Decrease the number of new diabetes cases	Work with partner organizations to establish a		
and coronary heart disease deaths that occur	large-scale community chronic disease		
each year in the county.	screening event and promote health services in		
	high-need areas.		
Increase the percentage of residents who have	Promote healthy eating as a method for		
access to healthy food choices.	preventing chronic diseases.		
Decrease the number of falls among senior	Expand the Bingocize fall prevention program.		
citizens in the county.			
Priority Health Fac	tor: Mental Health		
Goal	Strategy		
Develop a baseline understanding of youth	Develop a policy to establish a data collection		
health outcomes in the county and a method	tool to collect youth well-being data in		
for tracking data over time.	collaboration with Tri-County Board and other		
	stakeholders.		
Reduce the number of suicide attempts and	Develop a policy to establish a Suicide Fatality		
deaths in the county.	Review committee according to <u>Section</u>		
	307.641 - Ohio Revised Code   Ohio Laws and		
	prevent future suicide attempts and deaths		
	through coordinated community response		
	efforts.		

#### Introduction

The 2025-2028 MCPH CHIP systematically addresses key health issues identified in the 2024 CHA. The purpose of the CHIP is to set priorities, describe and implement community health programs and policies, and determine how to best use local resources to improve health outcomes. This plan represents the collaborative work of stakeholders committed to improving the health and well-being of Miami County residents, with a focus on the following priority health factors: *Access to Care, Chronic Disease, and Mental Health*. In addition to highlighting these factors, this report also outlines the necessary strategies to address them and describes disparities in health outcomes within the community. This report also highlights the plan's alignment with national and state health frameworks.

# **PHAB Requirements**

The Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB) is the national accrediting body in the United States that supports health departments' efforts to improve and enhance public health practice. PHAB standards and measures are requirements that must be met for public health departments to be accredited. PHAB standards necessitate the use of a community health improvement model during the CHA and CHIP process. NACCHO's Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP) 2.0 framework was used to inspire desired community health improvements. MAPP is a strategic planning process that is driven by the community to identify health priorities, determine what resources are available to address them, and develop strategies to bridge gaps in health outcomes and provide for a healthier future. MAPP is rooted in principles of systems thinking, shared vision, the use of evidence to create understanding and develop strategies, and partnership. MAPP 2.0 builds on these concepts while also emphasizing the importance of community engagement, data-driven assessments, and a focus on health equity.<sup>1</sup>

# **Alignment to National and State Standards**

# Ohio State Health Improvement Plan

The Miami County CHIP uses the 2020-2022 Ohio Department of Health (ODH) State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP) as a guiding framework. The purpose of the SHIP is to "strengthen state and local efforts to improve health, well-being, and economic vitality in Ohio." This is accomplished through a variety of measurable priority health issue areas, the creation of strategies, and an evaluation plan. Per its guidance to local health

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.naccho.org/uploads/card-images/public-health-infrastructure-and-systems/MAPP-2.0-Launch-V3.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> State Health Improvement Plan. April 2020. https://odh.ohio.gov/about-us/sha-ship/state-health-improvement-plan.

departments, the Miami County CHIP includes: one priority health factor (PHF), one priority health outcome (PHO), and one indicator and strategy from the SHIP. The table below reports the selected PHFs and PHOs included in the Miami County CHIP and their alignment with SHIP priorities. Corresponding indicators and strategies can be found later in this document.

### Miami County CHIP Priority Health Factors and Outcomes (\* Indicates a SHIP priority)

Access to Care*	Chronic Disease*	Mental Health*
Access to a Usual Place	Diabetes	Suicide Attempts and
for Care		Deaths
Maternal and Infant	Health Behaviors*	Youth Mental Health
Health*		
Access to Mental Health	Heart Disease	
Care		

#### **National Standards**

Throughout the CHA, health needs and outcomes within Miami County were reported using Healthy People 2030 as a framework.<sup>3</sup> Healthy People 2030 is an initiative of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that sets a series of measurable health objectives and targets that the public health and associated systems can work toward for the decade. Where possible, data reported in the CHA aligns with Healthy People 2030. CHA data is subsequently used to inform the work of the CHIP.

#### Social Determinants of Health

The social determinants of health (SDOH) are "the conditions in the environment where people are born, live, work, play, worship, and age that affect a wide range of health, functioning, and quality-of-life outcomes and risks." They are also referred to as the "causes of the causes." SDOH are upstream factors that impact health, including the social and policy context, neighborhood characteristics, the environment, interpersonal relationships, institutions, and more. 6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Healthy People 2030. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. https://health.gov/healthypeople.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Social Determinants of Health. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. January 2024. <u>Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) | About CDC | CDC</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The Social Determinants of Health: Coming of Age. Braverman, P., Egerter, S., & Williams, D.R. 2011. <u>The social determinants of health: coming of age - PubMed</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Ecology of Human Development: Experiments by Nature and Design. Bronfenbrenner, U. 1979. https://doi.org/10.2307/j.ctv26071r6.

Priority populations within Miami County were identified using the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC) Social Vulnerability Index (SVI). The SVI is a measure of the demographic and socioeconomic factors that can result in health disparities, including poverty, housing, and transportation. Social vulnerability within the county places individuals at risk for a number of health-related hazards, including natural disasters, disease outbreaks, and poor health outcomes. Across each SVI indicator, Miami County is experiencing low levels of vulnerability overall and by Socioeconomic Status and Housing Type & Transportation. Miami County is experiencing low to medium vulnerability based on Household Characteristics and medium to high vulnerability based on Racial & Ethnic Minority Status. These factors were used to determine portions of the county that could benefit most from targeted strategies. For more information about the SVI and associated maps, please see Appendix B.

# **Health Equity**

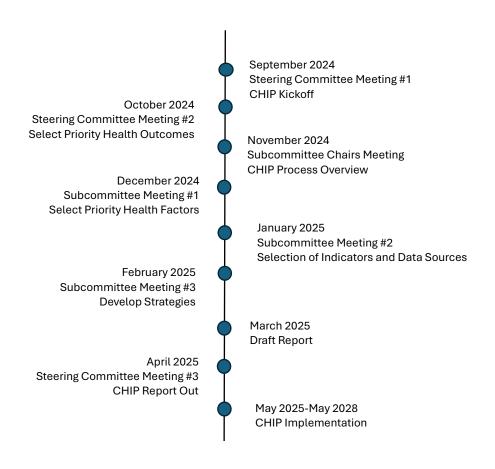
Related to SDOH, health equity is "the state in which everyone has a fair and just opportunity to attain their highest level of health." Health equity is achieved through equitable access to the resources necessary to live a healthy life, regardless of age, gender, gender identity, disability status, economic status, sexual orientation, race, or ethnicity. Throughout the CHIP process, achieving health equity was a guiding principle, resulting in strategies aimed at improving health outcomes for disadvantaged groups as per PHAB requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Social Vulnerability Index. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/placeandhealth/svi/index.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> What is Health Equity? Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. 2024. What is Health Equity? | Health Equity | CDC.

#### **CHIP Process**

CHIP development began in September 2024, with the conclusion of the CHA. The timeline below displays key activities within the process. Priority health outcomes and factors were identified, indicators for tracking progress were selected, and strategies were developed through a series of steering and subcommittee meetings. Ongoing implementation and monitoring for progress will continue through May 2028. For a complete timeline and project work plan, please see Appendix C.



# **Community Served**

Miami County is the 70th largest county out of Ohio's 88 counties, covering 407 square miles. As of the 2020 Census, Miami County is estimated to be home to 108,774 residents. With an unemployment rate of 3.8%, and the median household income is \$71,457, Miami County is among the state's most economically stable counties. Based on the County Health Rankings, Miami County fares better than average in general health and health outcomes than other Ohio counties. While Miami County's health outcomes are ranked well, there are factors that impact residents' health negatively. Through the CHIP, significant health needs within the community are addressed.

#### **Prioritization of Health Issues**

A total of three steering committee meetings and three subcommittee meetings were held to complete the CHIP process. The purpose of the first steering committee meeting was to introduce stakeholders to the goal and activities of the CHIP. The focus of the second steering committee meeting was the selection of priority health factors. Steering committee members were asked to come to the meeting with a list of three potential factors they believed the CHIP should address. The list was then presented for a vote, where the top factors were identified using the following criteria:

- Cost and/or return on investment
- Availability of solutions
- Impact of the problem
- Availability of resources to solve the problem (e.g., staff, time, funding)
- Urgency of solving the problem
- Size of the problem (number affected)
- Health equity
- Social vulnerability

The steering committee identified the following priority health factors as the focus of the 2025-2028 CHIP:

- Access to Care
- Chronic Disease
- Mental Health

Subcommittees were then formed around each of these focal areas, where additional work for the CHIP was carried out. A third steering committee meeting was held to review the subcommittee strategies and CHIP report.

### Miami County CHIP Priority Health Factors and Outcomes

Priority Health Factors (PHF) are broad, high level-public health issues that the CHIP addresses. The CHIP works to improve health conditions identified under these overarching PHF. Priority Health Outcomes (PHO) are more specific public health problems within each PHF. Throughout the CHIP process, stakeholders were engaged to identify relevant PHF and PHO and design strategies to improve the health conditions of Miami County. The sections below report each PHF, its corresponding PHO, and indicators and strategies to address them.

# Priority Health Factor #1: Access to Care

Access to care means "having the timely use of personal health services to achieve the best health outcomes." This includes coverage (e.g., access to health insurance), access to services (e.g., having a usual source of care), and more. Healthy People 2030 includes a goal to "Increase Access to Comprehensive, High-Quality Health Care Services." Access to care was identified as a PHF in the SHIP and identified as a need in the CHIP process. According to the 2024 CHA, Miami County is meeting Healthy People 2030 targets for health insurance coverage, healthcare utilization, and dental care utilization. It was identified, however, that challenges persist in access to maternal and infant health care, continuity of care, and access to mental health care, which were identified as PHOs in the CHIP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> *Topic: Access to Care.* Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality. https://www.ahrq.gov/topics/access-care.html.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Health Care Access and Quality. Healthy People 2030. <a href="https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/health-care-access-and-quality">https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/health-care-access-and-quality</a>.

#### **Indicators**

The table below reports PHOs related to Access to Care that were identified during the CHIP process. Corresponding indicators for each PHO are also reported, in addition to key health disparities. The baseline column reports the current status within Miami County and a target to reach by 2028.

	PHF 1. Access to Care						
Priority Health Outcomes	Indicator	Source	Baseline	Target	Key Health Disparities		
ATC-PHO 1. Maternal and Child Health	Percentage of women who travel outside the county to give birth	2023 Ohio Department of Health, DataOhio, live birth protected data	95%	N/A*	Medicaid was the primary payor for 30.3% of births in Miami County in 2024. 5.8% of births were to mothers who self-paid. 10.5% of births were preterm. 17.4% of mothers first received		
	Number of home births	2023 Ohio Department of Health, DataOhio, live birth protected data	26	N/A*	prenatal care in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> trimester and 2.4% in the 3 <sup>rd</sup> trimester. 4.4% of mothers smoked during their pregnancy.		
ATC-PHO 2. Access to Primary Health Care	Percentage of people in Miami County without a usual place for medical care	2023 Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	13.1%	11%	A higher percentage of male residents (14.3%) reported not having a usual place for care compared to female residents (11.8%). 17.1% of residents with disabilities and 22% of adults on Medicaid also did not have a usual place for care.		
ATC-PHO 3. Access to Mental Health Care	Percentage of people in the county with unmet mental health care needs in the past 12 months	2019 Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey	5%	3%	Asian, Black, and Hispanic adults are more likely to have an unmet mental health care need than White adults.		

\*Note: With the closure of the local labor and delivery hospital in Miami County, it is not feasible to reduce the number of births that occur outside the county and home births due to this limitation. The focus of this strategy is to assist pregnant women in developing a plan for birth in advance that can support a healthy pregnancy and delivery.

# **Strategies**

The table below reports a strategy for each PHO and indicators for tracking progress.

#### ATC-PHO 1: Maternal and Child Health

**Goal:** Improve knowledge about available services and resources for women who are pregnant or planning to become pregnant.

Indicator: The percentage of women who travel outside the county to give birth and the number of home births

Data Source: Ohio Department of Health, DataOhio, live birth protected data, 2023

**Baseline - Births outside the county: 95%** 

\*Target: N/A

**Baseline – Home births: 26** 

\*Target: N/A

**Key Health Disparities:** Medicaid was the primary payer for 30.3% of births in Miami County in 2024. 5.8% of births were to mothers who self-paid. 10.5% of births were preterm. 17.4% of mothers first received prenatal care in the second trimester, and 2.4% in the third trimester. 4.4% of mothers smoked during their pregnancy.

**Strategy:** Develop a comprehensive educational campaign focused on pregnancy needs and services in Miami and surrounding counties.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Develop a list of maternity care providers in the county and where they deliver.	June 2025-December 2025	# of providers listed	МСРН
Develop an education campaign about what to do when you are pregnant, how to develop a birth plan, how to choose a provider, what to do if you need transportation for care, information about home births, and other general resources.	January 2026-May 2028	# of informational pieces created	MCPH
Promote resources via social media and other outlets.	January 2026-May 2028	# of people reached	MCPH
Update resource list as needed.	January 2026-May 2028	# of updates	МСРН

# ATC-PHO 2: Access to Primary Health Care

**Goal:** Reduce the percentage of Miami County residents without a usual place for medical care.

Indicator: The percentage of people in Miami County without a usual place for medical care

Data Source: Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey, 2023

Baseline: 13.1% Target: 11%

**Key Health Disparities:** A higher percentage of male residents (14.3%) reported not having a usual place for care compared to female residents (11.8%). 17.1% of residents with disabilities and 22% of adults on Medicaid also did not have a usual place for care.

**Strategy:** Collaborate with partner organizations to promote free and low-cost health services for residents.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Engage with providers of free and low-cost health services in the county.	June 2025-December 2025	# of providers engaged	MCPH
Develop a resource list of free/low-cost care options.	June 2025-December 2025	# of community resources included	МСРН
Identify areas of high-need (i.e., areas with limited providers, residents without insurance, residents without a usual place for care, etc.).	January 2026	# of sites identified	МСРН
Distribute list to agencies that serve Miami County residents, particularly in high-need areas.	January 2026-May 2028	# of resource lists distributed	МСРН
Collaborate with local health systems to promote 211.	January 2026-May 2028	# of resource lists distributed	MCPH, local health system
Promote available free/low-cost health services in the county.	January 2026-May 2028	# of promotional campaigns	МСРН
Update the resource list as needed.	January 2026 -May 2028	# of updates	MCPH

#### ATC-PHO 3: Access to Mental Health Care

Goal: Reduce the percentage of Miami County residents with unmet mental health care needs.

**Indicator:** The percentage of people in the county with unmet mental health care needs in the past 12 months

Data Source: Ohio Medicaid Assessment Survey, 2019

Baseline: 5%

Target: 3%

**Key Health Disparities:** Asian, Black, and Hispanic adults are more likely to have an unmet mental health care need than White adults.

**Strategy:** Collaborate with partner organizations to promote free and low-cost mental health services in the county.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Engage with providers of free and low-cost health services in the county.	June 2025-December 2025	# of providers engaged	MCPH, Tri-County Board
Develop a resource list of free/low-cost mental health care in the community.	June 2025-December 2025	# of resources listed	MCPH, Tri-County Board
Identify areas of high-need (i.e., areas with limited providers, residents without insurance, etc.).	January 2026	# of sites identified	MCPH, Tri-County Board
Distribute list, along with Tri- County Board's "What to Do When You Need Help" resource guide, to high-need areas.	January 2026-May 2028	#of resource lists identified	MCPH, Tri-County Board
Promote available free/low- cost mental health services in the county.	January 2026-May 2028	# of promotional campaigns	MCPH, Tri-County Board
Update resource list as needed.	January 2026-May 2028	# of updates	MCPH, Tri-County Board

# Priority Health Factor #2: Chronic Disease

Chronic diseases are long-term conditions that require ongoing medical care. Heart disease and diabetes are two of the most impactful chronic diseases in the United States. According to the CDC, heart disease is the leading cause of death in the U.S., being the cause for about one in every five deaths. <sup>11</sup> The CDC estimates that approximately 38.4 million people, or about 11.6% of the U.S. population, have diabetes. <sup>12</sup> According to the 2024 CHA, Miami County is not currently meeting the Healthy People 2030 targets for coronary heart disease, stroke deaths, and the number of diabetes cases diagnosed annually.

#### **Indicators**

The table below reports the PHOs related to Chronic Disease. Corresponding indicators for each PHO are also reported, in addition to key health disparities. The baseline column reports the current status within Miami County and a target to reach by 2028.

PHF 2. Chronic Disease					
Priority Health Outcomes	Indicator	Source	Baseline	Target	Key Health Disparities
CD-PHO 1. Diabetes	Number of newly diagnosed diabetes cases per year per 1,000	2019 CDC United States Diabetes Surveillance System	6.3	4.8*	Miami County is in the 0.092 SVI percentile, higher than 9.2% of other Ohio counties
CD-PHO 2. Coronary Heart Disease	Number of adults who died due to CHD per 100,000	2018-2022 NIH Heart Disease Death Rates	213.6	71.1*	Men had significantly higher rates of CHD deaths (270) compared to females (169), as did Black residents (286.3). Rates also increased with age.

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes a Healthy People 2030 target

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> https://www.cdc.gov/heart-disease/data-research/facts-stats/index.html#:~:text=Heart%20disease%20in%20the%20United,lost%20productivity%20due%20to%20 death.

Number	2010 CDC	6 2.	1 0*. 71 1*	Miami County is in
			4.0", / 1.1"	Miami County is in the 0.092 SVI
-		213.0		
•				percentile, higher
				than 9.2% of other
-				Ohio counties;
	•			Men had
				significantly higher
				rates of CHD
				deaths (270)
who died	Death Rates			compared to
due to				females (169), as
CHD per				did Black residents
100,000				(286.3). Rates also
				increased with age.
Number	2024	1,761	1,673 (5%	The rate of falls
of falls	EpiCenter		decrease)	among females
among	surveillance			was higher from
adults 59+	tool by			2020 to 2024
	Miami			compared to
	County			males. There is a
	resident's			higher rate of falls
	home			relative to the size
	address			of the population
				60 and older in the
				45326 and 45337
				zip codes. The
				largest rate of falls
				occurs in the
				45383 zip code.
	CHD per 100,000 Number of falls among	of newly diagnosed diabetes cases per year per 1,000; Number of adults who died due to CHD per 100,000  Number of falls among adults 59+  Of newly diagnosed States Diabetes Surveillance System; 2018-2022 NIH Heart Disease Death Rates  EpiCenter surveillance tool by Miami County resident's home	of newly diagnosed diabetes cases per year per 1,000; Number of adults who died due to CHD per 100,000  Number of falls among adults 59+  Of newly diagnosed States Diabetes Surveillance System; 2018-2022 NIH Heart Disease Death Rates  1,761  EpiCenter surveillance tool by Miami County resident's home	of newly diagnosed diabetes Diabetes Surveillance year per 1,000; Number of adults who died due to CHD per 100,000  Number of falls among adults 59+  Number county resident's home  Diabetes Surveillance System; 2018-2022  NIH Heart Disease Death Rates  1,761 1,673 (5% decrease)

#### **Strategies**

The table below reports a strategy for each PHO and indicators for tracking progress.

#### **CD-PHO 1 and 2: Diabetes and Heart Disease**

**Goal:** Reduce the number of new diabetes cases and coronary heart disease deaths that occur each year in the county.

**Indicator:** The number of newly diagnosed diabetes cases per year and the number of coronary heart disease deaths.

Data Source: CDC Diabetes Surveillance System, 2019; NIH Heart Disease Death Rates, 2018-2022

Baseline - Newly Diagnosed Diabetes Cases: 6.3 per 1,000

**\*Target:** 4.8 per 1,000

Baseline - CHD Deaths: 213.6 per 100,000

**\*Target:** 71.1 per 100,000

https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/diabetes/reduce-number-diabetes-cases-diagnosed-yearly-d-01

https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/heart-disease-and-stroke/reduce-coronary-heart-disease-deaths-hds-02

**Key Health Disparities:** Men had significantly higher rates of CHD deaths (270) compared to females (169), as did Black residents (286.3). Rates also increased with age.

**Strategy:** Work with partner organizations to establish a large-scale community chronic disease screening event and promote health services in high-need areas.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Identify and engage stakeholders.	June 2025-December 2025	# of stakeholders identified	MCPH
Plan logistics of screening event.	June 2025-April 2026	# of planning meetings	MCPH
Organize community outreach and promotion.	January 2026-April 2026	# of promotional materials distributed	MCPH
Host the event.	April 2026	# of attendees	МСРН
Evaluate the success of the event.	April 2026-May 2028	Completed evaluation	MCPH
Plan for the sustainability of the event.	April 2026-May 2028	# of planning meetings	МСРН
Promote health services in high-need areas.	January 2026-May 2028	# of people reached	МСРН

<sup>\*</sup>Targets are based on Healthy People 2030 indicators for diabetes and CHD deaths:

#### **CD-PHO 3: Health Behaviors**

Goal: Increase the percentage of residents who have access to healthy food choices.

**Indicator:** The number of newly diagnosed diabetes cases per year and the number of coronary heart disease deaths

Data Source: CDC Diabetes Surveillance System, 2019; NIH Heart Disease Death Rates, 2018-2022

Baseline - Newly Diagnosed Diabetes Cases: 6.3 per 1,000

**Target:** 4.8 per 1,000

Baseline - CHD Deaths: 213.6 per 100,000

**Target:** 71.1 per 100,000

\*Targets are based on Healthy People 2030 indicators for diabetes and CHD deaths:

https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/diabetes/reduce-number-diabetes-cases-diagnosed-yearly-d-01

 $\frac{https://odphp.health.gov/healthypeople/objectives-and-data/browse-objectives/heart-disease-and-stroke/reduce-coronary-heart-disease-deaths-hds-02}{}$ 

**Key Health Disparities:** Men had significantly higher rates of CHD deaths (270) compared to females (169), as did Black residents (286.3). Rates also increased with age.

**Strategy:** Promote healthy eating as a strategy for preventing chronic diseases

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Develop a list of healthy food options to look for while shopping.	June 2025-December 2025	# of food options listed	MCPH
Compile a resource that includes the list of food retailers and healthy eating shopping guide.	June 2025-December 2025	# of resources created	MCPH
Create a resource with healthy recipe ideas and assemble ingredients.	June 2025-December 2025	# of resources created	MCPH
Distribute recipe tips and ingredients at the health department.	January 2026-May 2028	# of kits collected	MCPH

# **CD-PHO 4: Health Education and Promotion**

**Goal:** Reduce the number of falls among senior citizens in the county.

Indicator: The number of falls among adults 59+

Data Source: EpiCenter surveillance tool by Miami County resident's home address, 2024

**Baseline – Number of falls:** 1,761

**Target:** 1,673 (5% decrease)

**Key Health Disparities:** The rate of falls among females was higher from 2020 to 2024 compared to males. There is a higher rate of falls relative to the size of the population 60 and older in the 45326 and 45337 ZIP Codes. The largest rate of falls occurs in the 45383 ZIP Code.

**Strategy:** Expand the Bingocize fall prevention program.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Identify and engage stakeholders.	June 2025 to December 2025	June 2025 to December 2025 # partners engaged	
Secure a funding source for program expansion.	June 2025-April 2026 Funding source secured		МСРН
Secure a location for program expansion.	January 2026 - July 2026	Location secured	МСРН
Train volunteers who will run the program sessions.	October 2026-December 2026	# of volunteers trained	МСРН
Purchase program materials.	October 2026-December 2026	Materials purchased	МСРН
Host 10-week session.	January 2027-May 2027	# of sessions held	MCPH
Evaluate the program's effectiveness.	May 2027-May 2028	Completed evaluation	МСРН

# Priority Health Factor #3: Mental Health

Mental health is the "component of behavioral health that includes our emotional, psychological, and social well-being." Mental health is important to personal well-being at every stage of life, and mental health problems can affect an individual's thinking, mood, and behavior. According to the 2024 CHA, Miami County is not currently meeting Healthy People 2030 targets for suicide deaths. 14% of Miami County residents also report frequent mental distress.

#### **Indicators**

The table below reports the PHOs related to Mental Health. Corresponding indicators for each PHO are also reported, in addition to key health disparities. The baseline column reports the current status within Miami County and a target to reach by 2028.

	PHF 3. Mental Health												
Priority Health	Indicator	Source	Baseline	Target	Key Health								
Outcomes					Disparities								
MH-PHO 1. Suicide	Number of	EpiCenter,			First suicide attempts								
Attempts and Deaths	suicide	2024;			and subsequent								
	attempts (1st	DataOhio,			attempts are higher								
	attempt),	2003			among female								
	number of				residents and								
	subsequent				individuals younger								
	suicide				than 18 years old.								
	attempts,				Suicide deaths are								
	number of				higher among male								
	suicide				residents and								
	deaths				individuals 45 and								
					older.								
MH-PHO 2. Youth	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A								
Well-being													

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> About Mental Health. August 2024. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. https://www.cdc.gov/mental-health/about/index.html.

# **Strategies**

The table below reports a strategy for each PHO and indicators for tracking progress.

# **MH-PHO 1: Suicide Attempts and Deaths**

**Goal:** Reduce the number of suicide attempts and deaths in the county.

**Indicator:** Number of suicide attempts (1<sup>st</sup> attempt), number of subsequent suicide attempts, number of suicide deaths

Data Source: EpiCenter, 2024; DataOhio, 2023

**Baseline - Number of Suicide Attempts (1st Attempt):** 101

Target: 95

**Baseline - Number of Subsequent Suicide Attempts:** 61

Target: 55

**Baseline - Number of Suicide Deaths: 20** 

Target: 0

**Key Health Disparities:** First suicide attempts and subsequent attempts are higher among females and individuals younger than 18 years old. Suicide deaths are higher among males and individuals 45 and older.

**Strategy:** Develop a policy to establish a Suicide Fatality Review committee according to Section 307.641 - Ohio Revised Code | Ohio Laws and prevent future suicide attempts and deaths through coordinated community response efforts.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Support and engage with	June 2025-May 2028	# of	MCPH, Tri-County Board,
the work of the Suicide		engagement	Suicide Prevention
Prevention Coalition,		opportunities	Coalition
including the development			
of a Suicide Fatality Review			
Board.			
Implement the Suicide	June 2026-May 2028	Implementation	MCPH, Tri-County Board,
Fatality Review Board.		of the board	Suicide Prevention
			Coalition
Assess the functions of the	May 2027-May 2028	Implementation	MCPH, Tri-County Board,
Suicide Fatality Review		of evaluation	Suicide Prevention
Board.		tool	Coalition
Develop a decision tree to	June 2025-December	Completion of	MCPH, Tri-County Board,
assist residents in	2025	the tool	Suicide Prevention
determining when to call			Coalition
911 for a mental health			

emergency and who to call			
for non-emergency			
situations.			
Distribute decision tree to	January 2026-May 2028	# of resources	MCPH, Tri-County Board,
local agencies.		distributed	Suicide Prevention
			Coalition

# MH-PHO 2: Youth Well-Being

**Goal:** Develop a baseline understanding of youth health outcomes in the county and a method for tracking data over time.

Indicator: Data not currently collected for Miami County youth.

Data Source: N/A

Baseline: N/A

Target: N/A

**Key Health Disparities:** Unknown due to lack of data.

**Strategy:** Develop a policy to establish a data collection tool to collect youth well-being data in collaboration with Tri-County Board and other stakeholders.

Action Step	Timeline	Indicator	Lead Agency
Collaborate with local school	June 2025-May 2028	# of school districts	MCPH, Tri-County
districts to share the		engaged	Board
importance of data collection			
for youth health.			
Develop a data collection tool.	June 2026-June 2027	Completion of the tool	MCPH, Tri-County
			Board
Implement the data collection	August 2027-May 2028	# of school districts	MCPH, Tri-County
tool.		distributing the survey	Board

# **Progress Reporting and Plan Revision**

Key activities of the CHIP will be reviewed annually by MCPH and the steering committee. The CHIP report will be published on the MCPH website. Progress toward goals will be monitored using ClearImpact, a data reporting platform operated by MCPH. Any revisions to the plan will be documented and reported to the community and stakeholders. The plan will also be subject to any changes to state or federal policy related to the reporting and tracking of health outcomes. An implementation workplan and timeline can be found in Appendix C. For questions about the CHIP, please contact Miami County Public Health at info@miamicountyhealth.net.

# **Appendix A: Community Resources**

Organization	Services Provided
Alexander-Davis YMCA Childcare Center	Childhood Education
Bethany Center	Food Pantry
Bethel Hope	Food Pantry
Buckeye Men's Shelter	Homeless Shelter
Community Housing	Housing Assistance
Deaf Services Center Inc.	Disability Services, Employment
Family Abuse Shelter	Family Support, Abuse Shelter
Family Resource Center of Northwest Ohio Inc.	Mental Health, Substance Abuse Recovery
First United Methodist Church/ First Place Food Pantry	Food Pantry
FISH	Emergency Financial Assistance
Franklin House Women's Shelter	Homeless Shelter
Greene Street Preschool	Childhood Education
Greene Street United Methodist Church	Food Pantry
Health Partners Free Clinic	Healthcare
Legal Aid of Western Ohio Inc.	Legal Aid
Kettering Health	Medical
Local History Library	Special Library, Records
Miami County Community Action Council	Utility Assistance
Miami County Department of Job and Family Services	Rent Assistance
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	Food Assistance
Miami County Business Advisory Council - ESC	Job Assistance, Educational Services
Miami County Dental Clinic	Dental Assistance
Miami County Parks	Parks Services
Miami County Public Health Department	Public Health Needs
Miami County Recovery Council	Legal Aid, Substance Abuse Recovery
Miami County Right to Life Society	Baby Needs, Food Pantry
Miami County Transit	Transportation
Miami Valley Regional Planning Commission	Regional Planning, Transportation,
	Environment
Miami County Veterans Service Office	Rent & Food Assistance
Milton-Union Public Library	Library
Needy Basket of Southern Miami County, Inc.	Food Pantry
The New Path, Inc.	Rent Assistance, Food Pantry
Tri-County Board of Recovery and Mental Health Services	Mental Health and Recovery Services
Oakes-Beitman Memorial Library	Library
OSU Extension	Education, Health Programs
Partners in Hope	Crisis Relief
Piqua Compassion Network	Basic Needs
Premier Upper Valley Medical Center	Medical

For additional Miami County resources, please scan the QR code below:



# **Appendix B: CDC Social Vulnerability Index**



# **Appendix C: Implementation Work Plan and Timeline**

# **Priority Health Factor 1: Access to Care**

#### ATC-PHO 1. Maternal and Infant Health

**Goal:** Improve knowledge about available services and resources for women who are pregnant or planning to become pregnant.

**Strategy:** Develop a comprehensive educational campaign focused on pregnancy needs and services in Miami and surrounding counties.

	20	)25		2026			2027					028
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Develop a list of maternity care	Start	Finish										
providers in the county and where												
they deliver.												
Develop an education campaign			Start									Finish
about what to do when you are												
pregnant, how to develop a birth												
plan, how to choose a provider, what												
to do if you need transportation for												
care, what is a home birth, and other												
general resources.												
Promote resources via social media			Start									Finish
and other outlets.												
Update resource list as needed.			Start									Finish

# Priority Health Factor 1: Access to Care

**ATC-PHO 2. Access to Primary Health Care** 

Goal: Reduce the percentage of Miami County residents without a usual place for medical care.

**Strategy:** Collaborate with partner organizations to promote free and low-cost health services for residents.

	20	025	:	2026				20	027		2028	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Engage with providers of free and	Start	Finish										
low-cost primary health care												
services in the county.												
Develop a resource list of free and	Start	Finish										
low-cost primary health care												
options in the county.												
Identify areas of high-need (i.e.,			Start/Finish									
areas with limited providers,												
residents without insurance,												
residents without a usual place for												
care, etc.).												
Distribute list to agencies that serve			Start									Finish
Miami County residents, particularly												
in high-need areas.												
Collaborate with local health			Start									Finish
systems to promote 211.												
Promote available free/low-cost			Start									Finish
health services in the county.												
Update the resource list as needed.			Start									Finish

# **Priority Health Factor 1: Access to Care**

# **ATC-PHO 3. Access to Mental Health Care**

Goal: Reduce the percentage of Miami County residents with unmet mental health care needs.

Strategy: Collaborate with partner organizations to promote free and low-cost mental health services in the county.

	20	)25	2	2026				20	)27		2028	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Engage with providers of free and	Start	Finish										
low-cost mental health services in												
the county.												
Develop a resource list of free and	Start	Finish										
low-cost mental health care options												
in the county.												
Identify areas of high-need (i.e.,			Start/Finish									
areas with limited providers,												
residents without insurance, etc.).												
Distribute list, along with Tri-County			Start									Finish
Board's "What to Do When You Need												
Help" resource guide, to high-need												
areas.												
Promote available free/low-cost			Start									Finish
mental health services in the county.												
Update resource list as needed.			Start									Finish

# **Priority Health Factor 2: Chronic Disease**

# CD-PHO 1 and 2. Diabetes and Heart Disease

Goal: Reduce the number of new diabetes cases and coronary heart disease deaths that occur each year in the county.

**Strategy:** Work with partner organizations to establish a large-scale community chronic disease screening event and promote health services in high-need areas.

	20	025	2026					20	27		2028	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Identify and engage stakeholders.	Start	Finish										
Plan logistics of screening event.	Start			Finish								
Organize community outreach and			Start	Finish								
promotion.												
Host the event.				Start/Finish								
Evaluate the success of the event.				Start								Finish
Plan for the sustainability of the				Start								Finish
event.												
Promote health services in high-			Start									Finish
need areas.												

#### **Priority Health Factor 2: Chronic Disease CD-PHO 3. Health Behaviors** Goal: Increase the percentage of residents who have access to healthy food choices. **Strategy:** Promote healthy eating as a strategy for preventing chronic diseases. 2025 2027 2028 2026 Q4 Q3 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Develop a list of healthy food Start Finish options to look for while shopping. Start Finish Compile a resource that includes the list of food retailers and healthy eating shopping guide. Finish Create a resource with healthy Start recipe ideas and assemble ingredients. Distribute recipe tips and Finish Start ingredients at the health department.

Train volunteers who

will run the program

Purchase program

Host 10-week session.

Evaluate the program's

sessions.

materials.

effectiveness.

Finish

#### **CD-PHO 4. Health Education and Promotion** Goal: Reduce the number of falls among senior citizens in the county. **Strategy:** Expand the Bingocize fall prevention program. 2025 2026 2027 2028 Q3 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q4 Q1 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q1 Identify and engage Start Finish stakeholders. Secure a funding Start Finish source for program expansion. Secure a location for Finish Start program expansion.

Start/Finish

Start/Finish

**Priority Health Factor 2: Chronic Disease** 

Start/Finish

Start

# Priority Health Factor 3: Mental Health

# **MH-PHO 1: Suicide Attempts and Deaths**

Goal: Reduce the number of suicide attempts and deaths in the county.

**Strategy:** Develop a policy to establish a Suicide Fatality Review committee according to Section 307.641 - Ohio Revised Code | Ohio Laws and prevent future suicide attempts and deaths through coordinated community response efforts.

	20	)25		202	26			20	27		2028	
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Support and engage with the work of the Suicide Prevention Coalition, including the development of a Suicide Fatality Review Board.	Start											Finish
Implement the Suicide Fatality Review Board.				Start								Finish
Assess the functions of the Suicide Fatality Review Board.								Start				Finish
Develop a decision tree to assist residents in determining when to call 911 for a mental health emergency and who to call for non-emergency situations.	Start	Finish										
Distribute decision tree to local agencies.			Start									Finish

# **Priority Health Factor 3: Mental Health**

# MH-PHO 2: Youth Well-Being

**Goal:** Develop a baseline understanding of youth health outcomes in the county and a method for tracking data over time.

**Strategy:** Develop a policy to establish a data collection tool to collect youth well-being data in collaboration with Tri-County Board and other stakeholders.

	20	025		2026				20	2028			
	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Collaborate with local school districts	Start											Finish
to share the importance of data												
collection for youth health.												
Develop a data collection tool.				Start				Finish				
Implement the data collection tool.									Start			Finish